еаse 2003/03/10: CIA-RDP79Т009/2 25X1 26 September 1957 Copy No. 136 **CURRENT** INTELLIGENCE DOCUMENT NO. NO CHANGE IN CLASS. 1 DECLASSIFIED 25X1 **BULLETIN** CLASS, CHANGED TO: NEXT REVIEW DATE: 80 REVIEWER: OFFICE OF CURRENT INTELLIGENCE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY 25X1 State Dept. review completed

 $TOP\ SECRET$ 03/03/10 : CIA-RDP79T00

25X1	25X1A CONTENTS OR 1. NEW SOVIET ECONOMIC PLAN TO BE DR. 1959-1965 PERIOD 25X1A	AFTED FOR
	Mc 3. REPORTED RIFT WITHIN SYRIAN RULING	25X1A G CLIQUE
ı	25X1A	25X1A
	4. IRAQIS OPPOSE MILITARY INTERVENTIO	N IN SYRIA
25X1		<u> </u>
	6. JOINT LABOR ACTION THREATENS FRAMINFLATIONARY DRIVE 25X1A	NCE'S ANTI-

26 Sept 57 25X1A Current Intelligence Bulletin

25X1A

1.	NEW	SOVIET	ECONOMIC	PLAN	то	BE	DRAFTED	FOR
	1959_	1065 DE	RIOD					

25X1A

On 25 September, Moscow radio broadcast a joint announcement by the party central committee and government Council of Ministers that by 1 July 1958 the State Planning Commission would draft

a new long-term plan covering the 1959-1965 period. The announcement makes no reference to the 1960 goals of the Sixth Five-Year Plan. The statement reiterates the general objective of "catching up" with the West and approvingly cites the recently stepped-up housing and agricultural programs and the reorganization of industry as factors which must be incorporated in the new plan.

This decision implies that the Sixth Five-Year Plan, whose overambitious goals have been in process of revision since December 1956, has been abandoned. On the face of it, the decision would appear to serve Khrushchev's political interest, since it lengthens the testing period of his industrial reorganization program and puts off the time when the various economic goals he has laid out can be measured against results.

25X1A

26 Sept 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

3. REPORTED RIFT WITHIN SYRIAN RULING CLIQUE

25X1	25X1A	dissension is growing within the present ruling faction in Syria.	25X1 25X1
		the rivalry between Hawrani and Defense Minister Azm has intensified since Azm's "triumphal" return from Moscow Hawrani and Communist leader Bakdash are reuging because of alleged sarcastic remarks made by Haw-	25X1 25X1
		rani concerning the importance of the Syrian Communist party. a power struggle between Baathist elements in the army and followers of Chief of Staff Bizri is reaching serious proportions with each faction attempting to "purge" the other's supporters from influential positions.	25X1
25X1 [!]		Even if these factional disputes break into the open, there is little likelihood that this would affect Syria's attitudes toward the West. The Baathists are as ideologically opposed to the West as are the proponents of more Syrian-Soviet collaboration. A split within the radical nationalist grouping would present the Soviet Union with a problem as to which faction it would support. Prolonged internal dissension in Syria would tend to retard Syrian subversion in Iraq, Jordan, and Lebanon.	

26 Sept 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 5

25X1A Approved For Relpase 2003/03/10 : CIA-RDP79T00975A003300210001-1

4. IRAQIS OPPOSE MILITARY INTERVENTION IN SYRIA

Iraqi Minister of Interior General
Fattan told the American ambassador
on 24 September that any Turkish in-
tervention in Syria would provoke "se

rious demonstrations" in Iraq. The minister believes that if Iraq alone, or with another Arab state, were to intervene militarily in Syria, there would be a popular upheaval of "catastrophic proportions" and trouble within the Iraqi armed forces themselves. Fattan said that no prime minister, "not even Nuri Said," could order military intervention in Syria and remain in office. Fattan believes the situation can be retrieved only from within Syria.

Comment

25X1A

25X1

The Iraqi government, in reply to a recent Syrian note, has denied that it feels threatened by Syrian internal developments, and has said that it would, of course, come to Syria's aid if that country were attacked.

25X1A

6.	JOINT	LABOR	ACTION	THREATENS	FRANCE'S	ANTI-
	INFLA	TIONAR	Y DRIVE			

25X1A

Members of France's three rival labor confederations appear to be planning more joint strike activity than at any time in the past four years to enforce demands for new wage hikes.

The leaders of the Socialist-oriented Workers' Force (FO) claim they have little prospect of restraining their followers in view of the support given by the Christian Workers' Confederation (CFTC) to agitation by the Communist-led General Labor Confederation (CGT). In the key metallurgical industry, components of all three major confederations have already scheduled one joint local 24-hour walkout for 26 September, and another called by the FO for 27 September will also probably be backed by the other two groups.

Labor's demands, intensified by the government's concessions to the farmers, threaten to disrupt the government's anti-inflationary program. The CFTC has already lined up with the CGT and the railroad federations on a tentative 48-hour rail strike for the first week in October. A further test of labor sentiment may come on 17 October, when the CGT has scheduled a mass strike demonstration on both the Algerian problem and the economic issue.

25X1A

26 Sept 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin